Air-O-Cell sampling of fiber and mold conducted on 12/6/18

Sample Number	Location
2733-5697	Outside Rooftop Air handler AH-6
2736-3277	Outside Loading dock air handler
2733-5530	M04
2733-5481	M04D
2733-5489	M18
2733-5597	M04E
2733-5609	M04C HEPA on
2733-5491	U05
2733-5668	U02C
2736-3140	Lower Equipment Area
2733-5667	L23
2733-5506	L03
2733-5505	U18
2733-5492	Circulation Front area
2733-5686	Reference Desk Area
2733-5497	Air Plenum above back door (note: we may have kicked up dust
	from the ceiling tile when sampling.



Report for:

Mr. Chad Johnson Eastern Washington University EH&S, 002 Martin Hall Cheney, WA 99004

Regarding:

Project: JFK EML ID: 2059076

Approved by:

Operations Manager Joshua Cox

Dates of Analysis: Spore trap analysis: 12-14-2018

Service SOPs: Spore trap analysis (EM-MY-S-1038) AIHA-LAP, LLC accredited service, Lab ID #102297

All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted in the Report Comments portion in the body of the report. Due to the nature of the analyses performed, field blank correction of results is not applied. The results relate only to the items tested.

EMLab P&K ("the Company") shall have no liability to the client or the client's customer with respect to decisions or recommendations made, actions taken or courses of conduct implemented by either the client or the client's customer as a result of or based upon the Test Results. In no event shall the Company be liable to the client with respect to the Test Results except for the Company's own willful misconduct or gross negligence nor shall the Company be liable for incidental or consequential damages or lost profits or revenues to the fullest extent such liability may be disclaimed by law, even if the Company has been advised of the possibility of such damages, lost profits or lost revenues. In no event shall the Company's liability with respect to the Test Results exceed the amount paid to the Company by the client therefor.

EMLab P&K's LabServe® reporting system includes automated fail-safes to ensure that all AIHA-LAP, LLC quality requirements are met and notifications are added to reports when any quality steps remain pending.

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5530: M04		3-5481: 104D		3-5489: М18		3-5597: 104E
Comments (see below)		Vone		None		A		None
Lab ID-Version:	972	5632-1	972	5634-1	972	5636-1	972	5638-1
Analysis Date:	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018	12/1	14/2018
	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3
Ascospores		550100,1110		5,00000000				
Basidiospores							1	13
Bipolaris/Drechslera group								
Botrytis								
Chaetomium								
Cladosporium								
Curvularia								
Epicoccum								
Fusarium								
Myrothecium								
Nigrospora						ÿ.		
Other colorless								
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†								
Pithomyces							-	
Rusts								
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	1	13	2	27				
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula								
Ulocladium								
Zygomycetes								
Background debris (1-4+)††	2+		2+		2+		2+	
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13		40		< 13		13	
Pollen/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13		< 13	
Skin cells (1-4+)	1+		1+		1+		1+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3		13		27		< 13		13

Comments: A) No spores detected.

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m^3 divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m^3. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity (in spores/m^3) multiplied by the sample volume (in liters) divided by 1000 liters.

For more information regarding analytical sensitivity, please contact QA by calling the laboratory.

‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

[†] The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

^{††}Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5609: Hepa On		3-5491: J05		3-5668: 102C	Lower I	5-3140: Equipment Area
Comments (see below)	N	lone		A		A	N	lone
Lab ID-Version‡:	972	5640-1	972	5642-1	972	5644-1	972	5646-1
Analysis Date:	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018
	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3
Ascospores								
Basidiospores		-					1	13
Botrytis				γ,				
Chaetomium								
Cladosporium	1	13						
Curvularia				*		7		
Epicoccum								
Fusarium								
Myrothecium								
Nigrospora				= .				
Other colorless								
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†								
Pithomyces								
Rusts								
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes								
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula								X X
Ulocladium								
Zygomycetes			E					
Background debris (1-4+)††	1+		2+		2+		2+	
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13		< 13	
Pollen/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13		13	*
Skin cells (1-4+)	< 1+		1+		1+		1+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3		13	6.	< 13		< 13		13

Comments: A) No spores detected.

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m^3 divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m^3. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity (in spores/m^3) multiplied by the sample volume (in liters) divided by 1000 liters.

For more information regarding analytical sensitivity, please contact QA by calling the laboratory.
† A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

[†] The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

hay be undercontent.

†Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5667: L23		3-5506: L03		3-5505: U18		3-5492: ntion Front
Comments (see below)		Vone		A		A	Circuia	A
		VEDOV NAMED I	070	C304790	070	0000	070	0707
Lab ID-Version‡:	2, 200	5648-1	2 21	5650-1		5652-1		5654-1
Analysis Date:		4/2018		4/2018		4/2018		4/2018
	raw ct.	spores/m3						
Ascospores								
Basidiospores								
Bipolaris/Drechslera group		>						
Botrytis								
Chaetomium								
Cladosporium								
Curvularia								
Epicoccum				(4)				
Fusarium								
Myrothecium								
Nigrospora								
Other colorless								
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†	2	27					12	
Pithomyces								
Rusts								
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes								
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula								
Ulocladium					187			
Zygomycetes								
Background debris (1-4+)††	1+		1+		1+		2+	
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13	1/2	< 13		< 13		< 13	
Pollen/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13		13	
Skin cells (1-4+)	< 1+		< 1+		< 1+		< 1+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3		27		< 13		< 13		< 13

Comments: A) No spores detected.

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m³ divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m³. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity (in spores/m³) multiplied by the sample volume (in liters) divided by 1000 liters.

[†] The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

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(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5686: erence	Air Ple	3-5497: num Back Door	Roof	3-5697: Fop AH6 utside		6-3277: g Dock AH
Comments (see below)	N	Vone		Vone		None	1	None
Lab ID-Version:	972	5656-1	972	5658-1	972	5660-1	972	5662-1
Analysis Date:	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018	12/1	4/2018
	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3
Ascospores							1	
Basidiospores				De.			1	13
Botrytis								
Chaetomium								
Cladosporium	1	13	2	110			1	13
Curvularia								
Epicoccum							20	
Fusarium				٥				
Myrothecium								
Nigrospora	Contraction in the State of the						V	
Other colorless								
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†	1	13	21		10	130	2	27
Pithomyces								
Rusts				1				
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes		=	4	53			1	13
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula								
Ulocladium			100					
Zygomycetes								
Background debris (1-4+)††	2+		3+		2+		1+	
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13		< 13	
Pollen/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13		< 13	
Skin cells (1-4+)	1+		1+		< 1+		< 1+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3		27		160		130		67

Comments:

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m³ divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m³. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity (in spores/m³) multiplied by the sample volume (in liters) divided by 1000 liters.

[†] The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

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Report for:

Mr. Chad Johnson Eastern Washington University EH&S, 002 Martin Hall Cheney, WA 99004

Regarding:

Project: JFK EML ID: 2059076

Approved by:

Operations Manager Joshua Cox

Dates of Analysis: Spore trap analysis: 12-14-2018

Service SOPs: Spore trap analysis (EM-MY-S-1038) AIHA-LAP, LLC accredited service, Lab ID #102297

All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted in the Report Comments portion in the body of the report. Due to the nature of the analyses performed, field blank correction of results is not applied. The results relate only to the items tested.

EMLab P&K ("the Company") shall have no liability to the client or the client's customer with respect to decisions or recommendations made, actions taken or courses of conduct implemented by either the client or the client's customer as a result of or based upon the Test Results. In no event shall the Company be liable to the client with respect to the Test Results except for the Company's own willful misconduct or gross negligence nor shall the Company be liable for incidental or consequential damages or lost profits or revenues to the fullest extent such liability may be disclaimed by law, even if the Company has been advised of the possibility of such damages, lost profits or lost revenues. In no event shall the Company's liability with respect to the Test Results exceed the amount paid to the Company by the client therefor.

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1501 West Knudsen Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85027 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

Location:		2733-55 M04				2733-54 M04I				2733-54 M18				2733-55 M04I		
Comments (see below)		None				None	:			Α				None	i e	
Lab ID-Version1:		9725632	2-1			972563	4-1			9725636	5-1			9725638	3-1	
Analysis Date:		12/14/20	018			12/14/20	018			12/14/20	18			12/14/20	18	
Sample volume (liters)		75				75				75				75		
Background debris (1-4+)††		2+				2+				2+				2+		
	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	9,5	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%
Hyphal fragments					3	40	13	n/a					1	13	13	n/a
Pollen																
§ TOTAL FUNGAL SPORES	1	13	n/a	100	2	27	n/a	100		< 13	n/a	100	1	13	n/a	100
Ascospores																
Basidiospores													1	13	13	100
Chaetomium												-				
Cladosporium		(<u></u>													-	
Other colorless																
Penicillium/Aspergillus types																-
Pithomyces															-	
Rusts						V2******					_				-	
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	1	13	13	100	2	27	13	100								
Stachybotrys																
Stemphylium							1 1							-	-	
Torula																
Ulocladium			\ \												1	

Comments: A) No spores detected.

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity/limit of detection is the Count/m³ divided by the raw count, expressed in Count/m³.

††Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x". § Total Fungal Spores has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

Aerotech Laboratories, Inc

EMI.ab ID: 2059076, Page 2 of 5

^{*}The detection limit/limit of detection (DL) per cubic meter (m3) has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

1501 West Knudsen Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85027 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

Location:		2733-56 M04C Hej				2733-54 U05	91:			2733-56 U02C			Lov	2736-31 wer Equipn		a
Comments (see below)		None				Α				Α				None		
Lab ID-Version‡:		9725640)-1			9725642	2-1			9725644	-1			9725640	5-1	
Analysis Date:		12/14/20	018			12/14/20	018			12/14/20	18			12/14/20	18	
Sample volume (liters)		75				75				75				75		
Background debris (1-4+)††		1+				2+			2+				2+			
	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	96	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%
Hyphal fragments																
Pollen													1	13	13	n/a
§ TOTAL FUNGAL SPORES	1	13	n/a	100		< 13	n/a	100		< 13	n/a	100	I	13	n/a	100
Ascospores																
Basidiospores								- 2					-1	13	13	100
Chaetomium																
Cladosporium	1	13	13	100												
Other colorless																
Penicillium/Aspergillus types																
Pithomyces																
Rusts				(
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes																
Stachybotrys																
Stemphylium																
Torula									N						-	_
Ulocladium																

Comments: A) No spores detected.

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity/limit of detection is the Count/m^3 divided by the raw count, expressed in Count/m^3.

Aerotech Laboratories, Inc

EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 3 of 5

^{*}The detection limit/limit of detection (DL) per cubic meter (m3) has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

^{††}Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

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1501 West Knudsen Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85027 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

Location:		2733-56 L23	67:			2733-55 L03	06:			2733-55 U18	05:			2733-54 Circulation		
Comments (see below)		None				Α				Α				Α		
Lab ID-Version1:		9725648	3-1			9725650	0-1			9725652	2-1			9725654	1-1	
Analysis Date:		12/14/20)18			12/14/20	018			12/14/20	18			12/14/20	18	
Sample volume (liters)		75				75				75				75		
Background debris (1-4+)††		1+				1+				1+				2+		
	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%
Hyphal fragments Pollen													1	13	13	n/a
§ TOTAL FUNGAL SPORES	2	27	n/a	100		< 13	n/a	100		< 13	n/a	100		< 13	n/a	100
Ascospores																_
Basidiospores																
Chaetomium																
Cladosporium																
Other colorless			1													
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	2	27	13	100							1					
Pithomyces															_	
Rusts											-		-			
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	- 3						1								1	
Stachybotrys																
Stemphylium																
Tonila																
Ulocladium															1	

Comments: A) No spores detected.

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of < 1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity/limit of detection is the Count/m^3 divided by the raw count, expressed in Count/m^3.

††Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

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Aerotech Laboratories, Inc

EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 4 of 5

^{*}The detection limit/limit of detection (DL) per cubic meter (m3) has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

1501 West Knudsen Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85027 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIARLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		2733-56				2733-54				2733-56				2736-32		
	- 4	Referen	ice		Aiı	Plenum B	ack Doo	r	Ro	of Top AH	6 Outsid	e	J	Loading Do	ck AH	
Comments (see below)		None				None	E			None				None		
Lab ID-Version‡:		9725650	5-1			972565	8-1			9725660)-1			9725662	2-1	
Analysis Date:		12/14/20	18			12/14/20	018			12/14/20	18			12/14/20	18	
Sample volume (liters)		75				75				75				75		
Background debris (1-4+)††		2+	92-111-1-1		-	3+			2+					1+		
	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	96	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%	raw ct.	Count/m3	DL/m3*	96	raw ct	Count/m3	DL/m3*	%
Hyphal fragments																
Pollen						A-9 G-905										
§ TOTAL FUNGAL SPORES	2	27	n/a	100	6	160	n/a	100	10	130	n/a	100	5	67	n/a	100
Ascospores																
Basidiospores													1	13	13	20
Chaetomium														17		
Cladosporium	1	13	13	50	2	110	53	67					1	13	13	20
Other colorless																
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	1	13	13	50					10	130	13	100	2	27	13	40
Pithomyces																
Rusts																
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					4	53	13	33					1	13	13	20
Stachybotrys																
Stemphylium		*														
Torula																
Ulocladium																

Comments:

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity/limit of detection is the Count/m^3 divided by the raw count, expressed in Count/m^3.

‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x". § Total Fungal Spores has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

Aerotech Laboratories, Inc

EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 5 of 5

^{*}The detection limit/limit of detection (DL) per cubic meter (m3) has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

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Report for:

Mr. Chad Johnson Eastern Washington University EH&S, 002 Martin Hall Cheney, WA 99004

Regarding:

Project: JFK EML ID: 2059076

Approved by:

Operations Manager Joshua Cox

Dates of Analysis: Spore trap analysis other particles-Supplement: 12-14-2018

Service SOPs: Spore trap analysis other particles-Supplement (EM-MY-S-1038) AIHA-LAP, LLC accredited service, Lab ID #102297

All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted in the Report Comments portion in the body of the report. Due to the nature of the analyses performed, field blank correction of results is not applied. The results relate only to the items tested.

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(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

OTHER BIOLOGICAL PARTICLES REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5530: M04		3-5481: 104D		3-5489: И18		3-5597: 104E
Comments (see below)		Vone	20010	None		Vone	1	None
Lab ID-Version‡:	972	5633-1	972	5635-1	972	5637-1	972	5639-1
	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3
POLLEN								
Eucalyptus (Eucalyptus)								
Grass (Poaceae)								
Mulberry (Morus)								
Oak (Quercus)								
Other								
Pine (Pinaceae)								
Ragweed (Ambrosieae)								
Sycamore (Platanus)								
OTHER PLANT					_			
Algae								
Diatoms								
Fern, moss, etc. spores								
Other (wood, trichomes, etc.)						14		
OTHER PARTICLES:								
ANIMAL								
Epithelial (skin) cells	44	2,300	77	4,100	48	2,600	42	2,200
Hair								
Insect parts								¥
Mites								
FUNGI								
Hyphal fragments			3	40			1	13
NON-BIOLOGICAL							7	
Cellulose fibers	29	390	52	690	19	250	28	370
Glass fiber			1	13	1	13	1	13
Starch particles	1	13	2	27			1	13
Synthetic fibers								
Background debris (1-4+)†	2+		2+		2+		2+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	

Comments:

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m3 divided by the raw count. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity multiplied by the sample volume divided by 1000.

Carbonaceous particles include soot and other combustion products. In most instances a detailed analysis of soot can be accomplished using scanning electron microscopy.

Note: Interpretation is left to the company and/or persons who conducted the field work.

† Background debris is an indication of the amounts of non-biological particulate matter present on the slide (dust in the air) and is graded from 1+ to 4+ with 4+ indicating the largest amounts. To evaluate dust levels it is important to account for differences in sample volume.

‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

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EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 2 EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 2 of 5

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Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

OTHER BIOLOGICAL PARTICLES REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5609: Hepa On		3-5491: U05		3-5668: J02C	Lower l	6-3140: Equipment Area
Comments (see below)	1	Vone	1	None	1	Vone	1	None
Lab ID-Version:	972	5641-1	972	5643-1	972	5645-1	972	5647-1
	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3
POLLEN						(8		
Grass (Poaceae)								
Mulberry (Morus)								
Oak (Quercus)								
Other							1	13
Pine (Pinaceae)								
Ragweed (Ambrosieae)								
Sycamore (Platanus)			34					
OTHER PLANT								
Algae								
Diatoms								
Fern, moss, etc. spores								
Other (wood, trichomes, etc.)								
OTHER PARTICLES:								
ANIMAL	7							
Epithelial (skin) cells	60	800	55	2,900	26	1,400	30	1,600
Hair								
Insect parts								
Mites	0							
FUNGI								
Hyphal fragments								
NON-BIOLOGICAL								200m (-200)
Cellulose fibers	12	160	30	400	26	350	17	230
Glass fiber			1	13				
Starch particles				1			1	13
Synthetic fibers							1	13
Background debris (1-4+)†	1+		2+		2+		2+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	

Comments:

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m3 divided by the raw count. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity multiplied by the sample volume divided by 1000.

Carbonaceous particles include soot and other combustion products. In most instances a detailed analysis of soot can be accomplished using scanning electron microscopy.

Note: Interpretation is left to the company and/or persons who conducted the field work.

† Background debris is an indication of the amounts of non-biological particulate matter present on the slide (dust in the air) and is graded from 1+ to 4+ with 4+ indicating the largest amounts. To evaluate dust levels it is important to account for differences in sample volume.

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EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 3 of 5

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

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Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

OTHER BIOLOGICAL PARTICLES REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5667: L23		3-5506: L03	I	3-5505: J18	Circula	3-5492: ntion Front
Comments (see below)	1	Vone	1	None	1	lone	1	None
Lab ID-Version:	972	25649-1	972	5651-1	972	5653-1	972	5655-1
	raw ct.	particles/m3						
POLLEN								
Eucalyptus (Eucalyptus)				5)				
Grass (Poaceae)								
Mulberry (Morus)								
Oak (Quercus)				8				
Other								
Pine (Pinaceae)							11	13
Ragweed (Ambrosicae)								
Sycamore (Platanus)								
OTHER PLANT		š						
Algae								
Diatoms								
Fern, moss, etc. spores								
Other (wood, trichomes, etc.)			1	13				
OTHER PARTICLES:	a							
ANIMAL					(7)			
Epithelial (skin) cells	24	320	40	530	83	1,100	85	1,100
Hair								
Insect parts	×							
Mites								
FUNGI								
Hyphal fragments								
NON-BIOLOGICAL				-				
Cellulose fibers	5	67	13	170	9	120	17	230
Glass fiber								
Starch particles							1	13
Synthetic fibers								\
Background debris (1-4+)†	1+		1+		1+		2+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	

Comments:

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m3 divided by the raw count. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity multiplied by the sample volume divided by 1000.

Carbonaceous particles include soot and other combustion products. In most instances a detailed analysis of soot can be accomplished using scanning electron microscopy.

Note: Interpretation is left to the company and/or persons who conducted the field work.

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EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 4 EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 4 of 5

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

OTHER BIOLOGICAL PARTICLES REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3-5686: ference	Air Ple	3-5497: num Back Door	Roof	3-5697: Гор АН6 utside	2736-3277: Loading Dock AH	
Comments (see below)	1	Vone	1	None	Ŋ	None .	1	None
Lab ID-Version‡:	972	5657-1	972	5659-1	972	5661-1	972	5663-1
	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3	raw ct.	particles/m3
POLLEN								
Grass (Poaceae)								
Mulberry (Morus)	1							
Oak (Quercus)								
Other	2-1							
Pine (Pinaceae)								
Ragweed (Ambrosieae)								
Sycamore (Platanus)					7			
OTHER PLANT								71
Algae								
Diatoms								
Fern, moss, etc. spores					12			
Other (wood, trichomes, etc.)								take -
OTHER PARTICLES:								
ANIMAL			5	B				
Epithelial (skin) cells	61	3,300	58	3,100	2	27	1	13
Hair		3		.090.				
Insect parts	1							
Mites								
FUNGI								
Hyphal fragments								
NON-BIOLOGICAL					1			
Cellulose fibers	31	410	19	250	3	40	2	27
Glass fiber			2	27				
Starch particles	1	13	3	40				
Synthetic fibers								
Background debris (1-4+)†	2+		3+		2+		1+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	

Comments:

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m3 divided by the raw count. The limit of detection is the analytical sensitivity multiplied by the sample volume divided by 1000.

Carbonaceous particles include soot and other combustion products. In most instances a detailed analysis of soot can be accomplished using scanning electron microscopy.

Note: Interpretation is left to the company and/or persons who conducted the field work.

† Background debris is an indication of the amounts of non-biological particulate matter present on the slide (dust in the air) and is graded from 1+ to 4+ with 4+ indicating the largest amounts. To evaluate dust levels it is important to account for differences in sample volume.

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EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 5 of 5

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

MoldRANGETM, Local Climate; Extended Outdoor Comparison

Outdoor Location: 2733-5697, Roof Top AH6 Outside

Fungi Identified	Outdoor data	Typical Outdoor Data for: December in Washington† EMLab Local Climate code¹ A Annual Temp, A Elev., B Rain, A Temp. Range (n‡=47) Typical Outdoor Data The entire year in Washing EMLab Local Climate cod A Annual Temp, A Elev., B Rain, A (n‡=905)				ington† code¹							
Project zip code 99004	spores/m3	very low	low	med	high	very high	freq %	very low	low	med	high	very high	freq %
Generally able to grow indoors*													
Alternaria	-	-	-		-	-	11	13	13	27	53	93	28
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	=:	-	-	700	12	-	< 2	7	7	13	27	50	2
Chaetomium		15.	-	1.5		=	2	7	13	13	23	40	6
Cladosporium	-	30	53	110	300	520	83	53	110	400	1,300	2,500	83
Curvularia	8)	-	-	72	172	-	< 2	8	13	13	19	39	2
Nigrospora	-	-		5 	1.55	-	< 2	-	-	•		-	2
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	130	53	89	160	320	510	87	53	53	160	480	840	84
Stachybotrys	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	20	-	-	-	-	2
Torula	-	(=)	-	100	×=	s=	2	13	13	13.	53	66	4
Seldom found growing indoors**													
Ascospores	2	27	53	210	850	930	55	53	89	270	1,000	1,700	78
Basidiospores	-	27	53	190	1,100	2,400	85	53	130	530	1,900	4,100	91
Rusts	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	13	13	26	53	100	18
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	=	13	13	27	140	270	57	13	27	160	1,000	2,000	67
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3	130												

¹EMLab Local Climate codes are a climate classification scheme for statewide geographic areas. The MoldRANGE™ Local Climate report uses the sampling location zip code to identify the EMLab Local Climate code in that area. Using information available from the NOAA weather database, the EMLab Local Climate code sharpens the precision of the MoldRANGETMreporting system, providing more reliable estimates of the range and average concentrations of the different airborne fungal spore types for each region. Additional information on the EMLab Local Climate code system can be found on the last page of this report.

†The Typical Outdoor Data represents the typical outdoor spore levels across the state for the time period and EMLab Local Climate code indicated. The last column represents the frequency of occurrence. The very low, low, med, high, and very high values represent the 10, 20, 50, 80, and 90 percentile values of the spore type when it is detected. For example, if the frequency of occurrence is 63% and the low value is 53, it would mean that the given spore type is detected 63% of the time and, when detected, 20% of the time it is present in levels above the detection limit and below 53 spores/m3. These values are updated periodically and if not enough data is available to make a statistically meaningful assessment, it is indicated with a dash.

In is the sample size used to calculate the MoldRANGEIM Local Climate data summarized in the table.

^{*} The spores in this category are generally capable of growing on wet building materials in addition to growing outdoors. Building related growth is dependent upon the fungal type, moisture level, type of material, and other factors. *Cladosporium* is one of the predominant spore types worldwide and is frequently present in high numbers. *Penicillium/Aspergillus* species colonize both outdoor and indoor wet surfaces rapidly and are very easily dispersed. Other genera are usually present in lesser numbers.

^{**} These fungi are generally not found growing on wet building materials. For example, the rusts and smuts are obligate plant pathogens. However, in each group there are notable exceptions. For example, agents of wood decay are members of the basidiomycetes and high counts of a single morphological type of basidiospore on an inside sample should be considered significant.

1501 West Knudsen Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85027 (800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018

Date of Report: 12-14-2018

Client: Eastern Washington University C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Understanding EMLab Local Climate Codes

Outdoor airborne spore concentrations are strongly influenced by climate and weather patterns, often resulting in pronounced seasonal and diurnal cycles (Burge 1995). The seasonal climatic changes directly affect the growth cycle of plants, thereby influencing fungal growth, spore maturation, and release cycles. By evaluating outdoor spore concentrations across similar climatic zones rather than for the state as a whole, it is possible to provide a more representative estimate of typical outdoor spore levels and frequency of occurrence for different airborne fungal spore types in a given area.

The EMLab Local Climate code system is a novel and patent pending classification system that uses data from the NOAA - National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration database to define unique climate regions by state. The following local climate variables, for each statewide zip code, are obtained from NOAA and assigned a letter code of A (above the statewide average for that variable) or B (below the statewide average for that variable):

- 1. Annual High Temperature
- 2. Elevation
- 3. Rainfall/Precipitation
- 4. Monthly Temperature Range

The result is a 4-character code assigned to each statewide zip code, referred to as the Local Climate Code. Below are some examples of decoded Local Climate Codes:

AAAA = Above avg. Annual High Temperature, Above avg. Elevation, Above avg. Rainfall/Precipitation, Above avg. Monthly Temperature Range

AABB = Above avg. Annual High Temperature, Above avg. Elevation, Below avg. Rainfall/Precipitation, Below avg. Monthly Temperature Range

BBAA = Below avg. Annual High Temperature, Below avg. Elevation, Above avg. Rainfall/Precipitation, Above avg. Monthly Temperature Range

The actual outdoor air sample data from matching local climate codes in each state are then compiled in a manner relating typical spore concentrations and frequency of occurrence.

The NOAA local climate variables were selected by mapping data points from a subset of approximately 145,000 weather and geographic database entries to over 80,000 outdoor spore trap samples with known zip codes and assessing them using orthogonal array experimental design techniques. The results were then compared to the typical ranges of spore types found when grouping zip codes using the Koppen-Geiger climatic classification system; a commonly used climatic system that provides an objective numerical definition in terms of climatic elements such as temperature, rainfall, and other seasonal characteristics. The EMLab Local Climate codes showed improved granularity and refinement of the zip code groupings, implying a better representation of the expected range of spore types to be found within an individual zip code.

The values on this report were calculated by obtaining the four variables listed above from the over 585 million data points of weather and geographic information available in the NOAA database, and determining the frequencies and percentile values of spore types by utilizing over 180,000 EMLab P&K outdoor spore trap samples with known zip codes.

This report groups statewide zip codes in relation to these EMLab Local Climate codes and summarizes MoldRANGETM data by month and year within each EMLab Local Climate code.

References:

Burge, Harriet, A. Bioaerosols: Boca Raton: Lewis Publishers, pp. 163-171, 1995.

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is left to the client or the persons who conducted the field work. This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. "Typical outdoor data" are based on the results of the analysis of samples delivered to and analyzed by EMLab P&K and assumptions regarding the origins of those samples. Sampling techniques, contaminants infecting samples, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. In addition, EMLab P&K may not have received and tested a representative number of samples for every region or time period. EMLab P&K hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.

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EMLab ID: 2059076, Page 2 of 2

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Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

MoldSTATTM: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report

Outdoor Summary: 2733-5697: Roof Top AH6 Outside

Species detected		Outdoor	sample s	pores/m3	Typical outdoor ranges	Freq.
200 An annecessor and server an	<100	1K	10K	>100K	(North America)	%_
Ascospores				< 13	13 - 240 - 6,600	77
Basidiospores				< 13	13 - 480 - 24,000	91
Cladosporium				< 13	27 - 530 - 9,100	90
Penicillium/Aspergillus types				130	13 - 190 - 2,700	66
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes				< 13	7 - 53 - 1,100	66
Total				130	1	

The "Typical outdoor ranges" and "Freq. %" columns show the typical low, medium, and high spore counts per cubic meter and the frequency of occurrence for the given spore type. The low, medium, and high values represent the 2.5, 50, and 97.5 percentile values when the spore type is detected. For example, if the low value is 53 and the frequency of occurrence is 63%, it would mean that we typically detect the given spore type on 63 percent of all outdoor samples and, when detected, 2.5% of the time it is present in levels below 53 spores/m3.

Indoor Samples

Location: 2733-5530: M04

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 10%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: 2 Result: -1.0000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 103 Result: Low	
Species	Detected			Spores/m3		
		<100	1K	10K	>100K	
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					13	
	Total				13	

Location: 2733-5481: M04D

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Result: 0.0000		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: 20%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes			dF: 2 Result: -1.0000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 105 Result: Low
Species	Detected			Spores/m3	
		<100	' 1K	10K	>100K
Smuts, I	Periconia, Myxomycetes				27
2,	Total				27

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Client: Eastern Washington University C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

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MoldSTATTM: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report

Location: 2733-5489: M18

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: < 1%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: N/A Result: N/A Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 100 Result: Low
Species	Species Detected			Spores/m3	fi fi
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
	None Detected				< 13

Location: 2733-5597: M04E

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 10%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: 2 Result: -1.0000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 101 Result: Low	
Species	Detected			Spores/m3		
		<100	1K	10K	>100K	
	Basidiospores				13	
	Total				13	

Location: 2733-5609: M04C Hepa On

%	of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
	Result: 10%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: 2 Result: -1.0000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 101 Result: Low	
	Species	Detected			Spores/m3		
	_		<100	1K	10K	>100K	
		Cladosporium				13	
		Total				13	

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Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

MoldSTATTM: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report

Location: 2733-5491: U05

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: < 1%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000	dF: N/A Result: N/A Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 100 Result: Low
Species	Species Detected		Spores/m3	
		<100 1K	10K	>100K
	None Detected			< 13

Location: 2733-5668: U02C

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)		ement ratio** oor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: < 1%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: N/A Result: N/A Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 100 Result: Low
Species	Detected			Spores/m3	
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
	None Detected				< 13

oaction: 2736, 3140: Lower Equipment Area

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)		MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 10%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: 2 Result: -1.0000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A		Score: 101 Result: Low	
Species	Detected	Spores/m3					
P-98		<100	1K		10K	>100K	
Ÿ.	Basidiospores					13	
	Total					13	

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Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

MoldSTATTM: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report

Location: 2733-5667: L23

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)		MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 20%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 1.0000		dF: 1 Result: N/A Critical valué: N/A Outside Similar: N/A		Score: 104 Result: Low	
Species	Detected			Spo	ores/m3		
		<100	1K	7. 	10K	>100K	
Penicillium/Aspergillus types						27	
	Total					27	

Location: 2733-5506: L03

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: < 1%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000	dF: N/A Result: N/A Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 100 Result: Low	
Species Detected			Spores/m3	54 VANDO 294	
		<100 1K	10K	>100K	
	None Detected			< 13	

Location: 2733-5505: U18

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: < 1%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: N/A Result: N/A Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 100 Result: Low	
Species Detected				Spores/m3		
,-		<100	1K	10K	>100K	
	None Detected				< 13	

(800) 651-4802 Fax (623) 780-7695 www.emlab.com

Client: Eastern Washington University C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson

Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

MoldSTATTM: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report

Location: 2733-5492: Circulation Front

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Result: 0.0000		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor) Score: 100 Result: Low	
Result: < 1%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes			dF: N/A Result: N/A Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A		
Species Detected				Spores/m3	ma 4 7 m a 2 m a 2	
		<100	1K_	10K	>100K	
-	None Detected				< 13	

Location: 2733-5686: Reference

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)		MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)		
Result: 20%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.6667		dF: 2 Result: 0.5000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A		Score: 102 Result: Low		
Species Detected				Spores/	m3			
		<100	1K		10K		>100K	
	Cladosporium							13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types								13
	Total							27

Location: 2733-5497: Air Plenum Back Door

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)		MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)		
Result: 125%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.0000		dF: 3 Result: -0.6250 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A		Score: 111 Result: Low		
Species	Species Detected			W. 2000	Sp	ores/m3		
				1K		10K	>100K	
Cladosporium								110
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes								53
Total								160

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Client: Eastern Washington University

C/O: Mr. Chad Johnson Re: JFK

Date of Sampling: 12-06-2018 Date of Receipt: 12-12-2018 Date of Report: 12-14-2018

MoldSTATTM: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report

Location: 2736-3277: Loading Dock AH

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi- square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)		Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)		
Result: 50%	dF: 14 Result: 11.8000 Critical value: 23.6848 Inside Similar: Yes	Result: 0.4000		dF: 4 Result: 1.0000 Critical value: N/A Outside Similar: N/A	Score: 104 Result: Low		
Species	Species Detected		Spores/m3				
			1K	10K	>100K		
	Basidiospores				13		
Cladosporium					13		
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					27		
	Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes				13		
				67			

- * The Friedman chi-square statistic is a non-parametric test that examines variation in a set of data (in this case, all indoor spore counts). The null hypothesis (H0) being tested is that there is no meaningful difference in the data for all indoor locations. The alternative hypothesis (used if the test disproves the null hypothesis) is that there is a difference between the indoor locations. The null hypothesis is rejected when the result of the test is greater than the critical value. The critical value that is displayed is based on the degrees of freedom (dF) of the test and a significance level of 0.05.
- ** An agreement ratio is a simple method for assessing the similarity of two samples (in this case the indoor sample and the outdoor summary) based on the spore types present. A score of one indicates that the types detected in one location are the same as that in the other. A score of zero indicates that none of the types detected indoors are present outdoors. Typically, an agreement of 0.8 or higher is considered high.
- *** The Spearman rank correlation is a non-parametric test that examines correlation between two sets of data (in this case the indoor location and the outdoor summary). The null hypothesis (H0) being tested is that the indoor and outdoor samples are unrelated. The alternative hypothesis (used if the test disproves the null hypothesis) is that the samples are similar. The null hypothesis is rejected when the result of the test is greater than the critical value. The critical value that is displayed is based on the degrees of freedom (dF) of the test and a significance level of 0.05.
- **** MoldSCORETM is a specialized method for examining air sampling data. It is a score between 100 and 300, with 100 indicating a greater likelihood that the airborne indoor spores originated from the outside, and 300 indicating a greater likelihood that they originated from an inside source. The Result displayed is based on the numeric score given and will be either Low, Medium, or High, indicating a low, medium, or high likelihood that the spores detected originated from an indoor source. EMLab P&Kreserves the right to, and may at anytime, modify or change the MoldScore algorithm without notice.

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is left to the client or the persons who conducted the field work. This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. "Typical outdoor ranges" are based on the results of the analysis of samples delivered to and analyzed by EMLab P&K and assumptions regarding the origins of those samples. Sampling techniques, contaminants infecting samples, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. With the statistical analysis provided, as with all statistical comparisons and analyses, false-positive and false-negative results can and do occur. EMLab P&K hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.